

Curriculum Geography (G9neu)

Mittelstufe

7	<p>The earth in space Climate and vegetation zones:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Polar zones • Temperate zone • Hot deserts • Savannas • Tropical rainforest
8	<p>Restless earth (volcanoes and earthquakes) Changes in worldwide economies, e.g.:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the USA • Dubai • Japan (a regional analysis) • China (a regional analysis) <p>Population growth and change Modern cities Agriculture between economy and ecology Developing countries</p>
10	<p>Globalization Changing Europe European capitals and global cities Climate change Tourism</p>

Oberstufe

EP	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The current landscape as reflected by natural factors and human influences • Globalisation of food production against the backdrop of production in different climate and vegetation zones • Global interconnections as the cause of structural change in German agriculture and a country of origin • Characteristics and regional changes of a (local) industrial site in a global world • Energy supply with consequences – the Rhenish lignite mining area (a regional analysis)
Q1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Causes and effects of influences in geo-ecological cycles • Ecological principles and future-compliant measures in industry, agriculture, forestry and fishing on a global economic scale • The area of tension of spoliation of the countryside and its protection in connection with free-time activities • The different significance of climate and vegetation zones for the development of areas
und	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Food and nutrition potential for a growing world population between subsistence farming and agribusiness • Change of location factors and its effect on industrial areas • Transport and communication networks and their significance for the interconnection and planning for areas • Tertiarization as motor for a spatial distribution of workplaces and the distribution of goods • Change of patterns in consumption and value orientation as essential preconditions for sustainable management in the One World
Q2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Required space and load-bearing capacity in connection with demographic processes • Development of settlements in dependence of socio-cultural and political role models • Effectiveness of global cooperation in dependence of socio-cultural prevailing conditions • Growing together or disintegration of areas because of political guidelines and cultural influence